

## **IMPLEMENTING** DIGITAL STRATEGY: **Engagement** & making things.

## worldmade



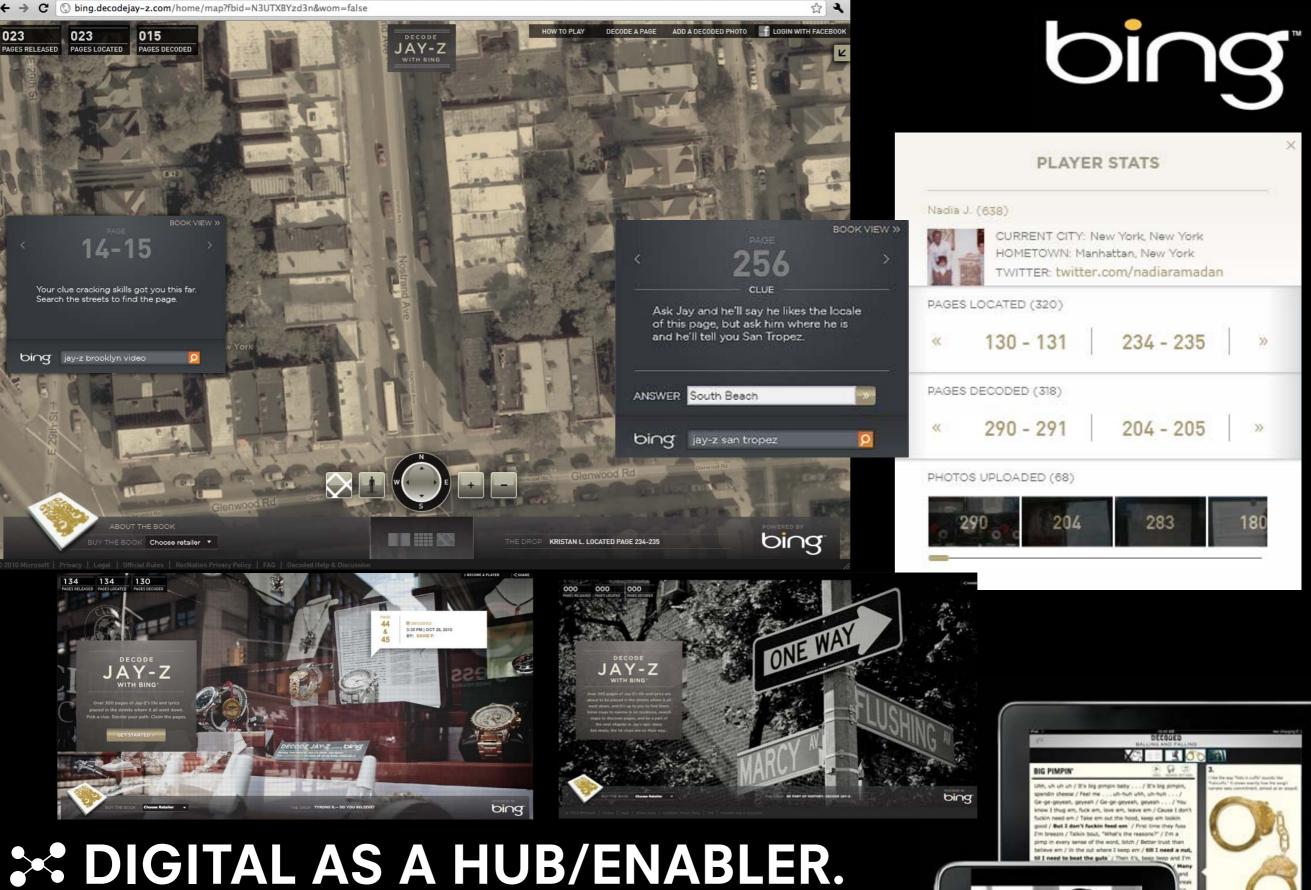
Today these are powered by digital(ly enabled) engagement.T HOW CAN WE MAKE BETTER DIGITAL ENGAGEMENT?

### **#1 DEFINE THE ROLE OF DIGITAL.** "What can digital do for the brand & consumers

that nothing else can? A connection enabled by technology but underpinned by earning the right to engage people in their space."

Empathy	Permission	Appropriate Intervention
Relevant	Reality/Show	Positive
Conversation	don't tell	Value Exchange

## to bring brand behaviour to life, achieve business objectives and deliver value to people. Use digital platforms to tie together, facilitate and fuel brand activity. **(D)** DIGITAL AS A MULTIPLIER. Use digital networks to iterate and extend the reach and longevity of brand activity. HOIGITAL AS THE PHILOSOPHY. Use digital insights and behaviours to inspire the inception of creative and strategic ideas.



Use digital platforms to tie together, facilitate JWT and fuel brand activity.

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### TARGET KALEIDOSCOPIC FASHION SPECTACULAR

Last spring, Target asked for a fashion show that would showcase their new fall line and create buzz during New York's fashion week. But in a space already overrun with red carpet events, just another catwalk wouldn't cut it.

It took 155 rooms in the Standard Hotel, 66 dancers, a 20 minute original score, 44,640 LED bulbs and one cordoned off city block to reinvent the fashion show.

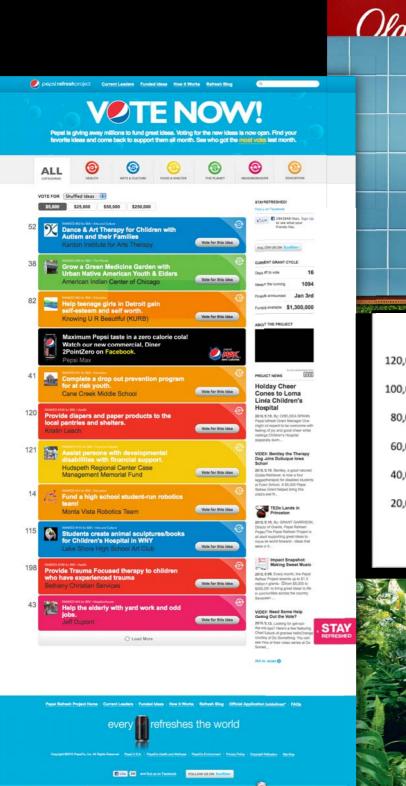
With thousands watching on the streets and the world watching live on Facebook, the Spectacular received 200 million impressions across all media and has been shared online over 12.6 million times.

## DIGITAL AS A MULTIPLIER.

Use digital networks to iterate and extend the reach and longevity of brand activity.









### Old Spice Tweets 120,000 100,000 80,000 60,000 40,000 20,000 2,165 2,361 1,773 1,625 0 1,773 1,625

12-Jul-10

13-Jul-10

14-Jul-10

15-Jul-10

## 183 video @replies in 3 days.10,954,096 views in 3 days.167,493,263 views in 6 months.

- Total videos uploaded: 183
  - 12 July, 2010: 29 videos uploaded
- 13 July, 2010: 89 videos uploaded
- 14 July, 2010: 65 videos uploaded
- Combined viewing figures: 10,954,096
- Average video view (mean value): 59,858 views
- Median value: 40,536 views (<u>|| Re: Idgit | Old Spice</u>)
- Most watched video: 511,694 views (<u>HRe: Perez Hilton | Old Spice</u>)

### 15 Most Popular Videos

Rank	Video Name	Views	Date Uploaded	Video #
1	Re: Perez Hilton   Old Spice	511,694	13-Jul-10	32
2	Re: Anonymous   Old Spice	382,728	13-Jul-10	39
3	Re: @kevinrose   Old Spice	329,258	12-Jul-10	16
4	Re: @kpereira   Old Spice	290,461	12-Jul-10	27
5	Re: rosemcgowan   Old Spice	275,472	13-Jul-10	118
6	Re: jsbeals   Old Spice	233,838	13-Jul-10	108
7	Re: @TheEllenShow   Old Spice	231,960	12-Jul-10	1
8	Re: @Gizmodo   Old Spice	199,040	13-Jul-10	110
9	Re: Starbucks   Old Spice	177,008	13-Jul-10	113
10	Re: Alyssa_Milano   Old Spice	172,294	13-Jul-10	55
11	Re: Alyssa_Milano   Old Spice	165,338	13-Jul-10	88
12	Re: wheresweems   Old Spice	157,028	13-Jul-10	115
13	Re: pandarr   Old Spice	151,069	14-Jul-10	144
14	Re: themrchris0426   Old Spice	149,183	13-Jul-10	117
15	Re: Laiba   Old Spice	144,450	13-Jul-10	3

YouTube viewing figures are based on data collection ending 14:00 BST (09:00 EDT, 06:00 PDT) 15th July 2010 View raw data here

### + FOIGITAL AS THE PHILOSOPHY.

Use digital insights and behaviours to inspire JWT the inception of creative and strategic ideas.

09-Jul-10

10-Jul-10

11-Jul-10

D

**HPr** 

YPU

CARE

WHAT

# mea stablish tr

Seymour Papert's Learning Theory of Constructionism. "The belief that people learn most effectively by doing things rather than sitting and listening."

"What I hear, I forget.

What I say, I remember.

What I do, I understand."

Lao Tse

## HOPEFULLY NOT...

Login Join Twitter!

### You wonder if the definition of "engagement" is really "No ROI but lots of activity".

10:40 AM Apr 13th via mobile web



twitter

minethatdata Kevin Hillstrom

© 2010 Twitter About Us Contact Blog Status Goodies API Business Help Jobs Terms Privacy

## And so... is engagement when everyone has a different view?

## THE CREATIVE VIEW?

"The production budget is going to be amazing. We're going to re-build the internet. Book the tickets to Cannes."

© 2005 LastNightsParty.com

## THE PLANNER VIEW?

"I think we are going to need a multi-insight-channel-platform funnel. And a bigger econometric model."

## THE CLIENT VIEW?

"People are going to wake-up thinking about our product and go to bed thinking about our product. They will love our product."

## OK, seriously... WHO REALLY UNDERSTANDS ENGAGEMENT?



Search



Q

"games provide the ultimate toolkit for those seeking to create engagement" #mesh11

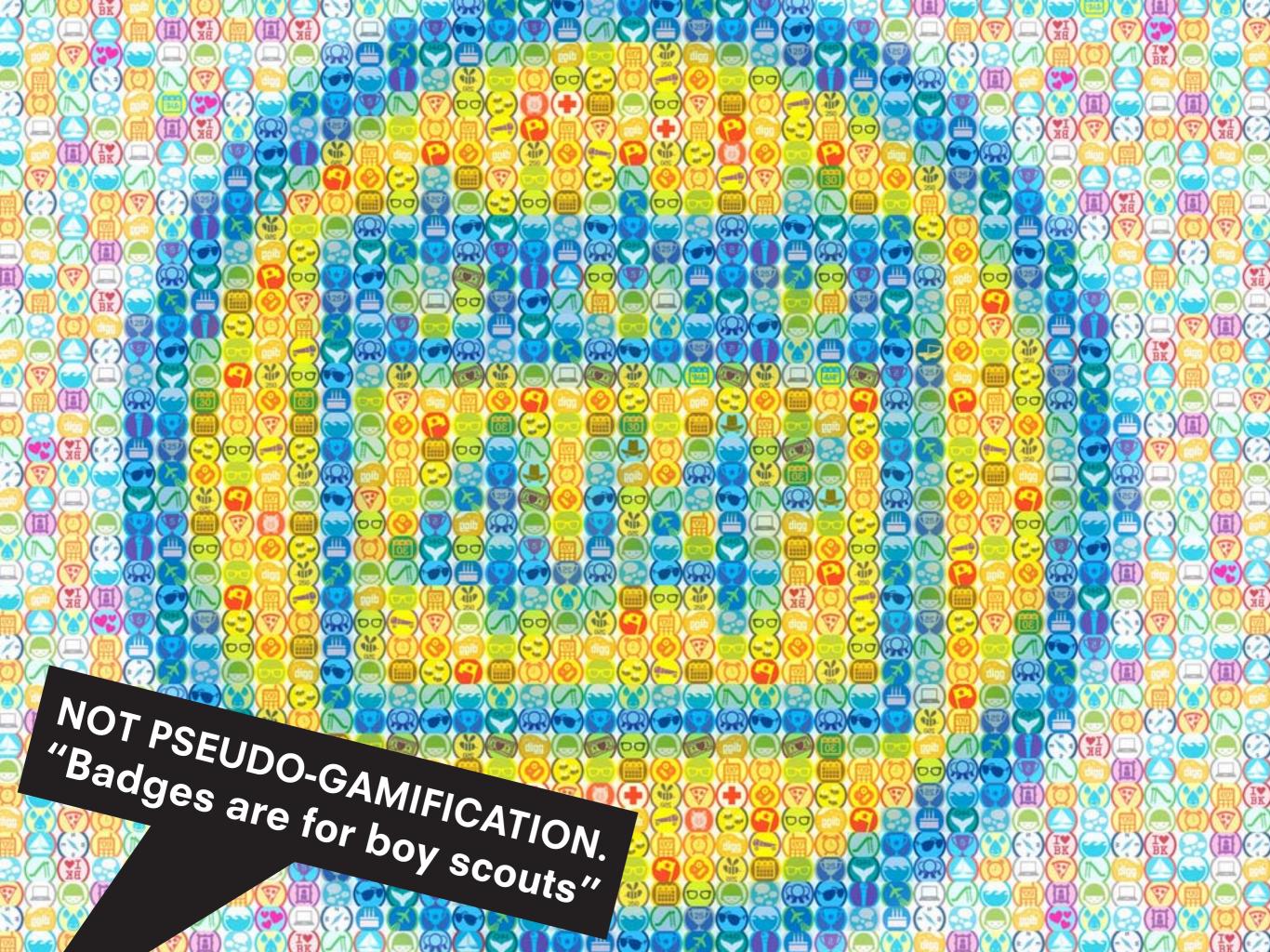
1 hour ago via HootSuite

Retweeted by meshconference and others









## 5 millon gamers in the U.S. spending more/than

## 40 hours a week playing games.

## Half a billion people worldwide playing computer games for at least 1 hour a day.

## The biggest games in the world measure MORE THAN ONE BILLION points of data about their players.

## A DEFINITION OF ENGAGEMENT INSPIRED BY GAMING.

## CREATING WINDOWS OF ENHANCED ATTENTION TO INFLUENCE BEHAVIOUR & MOTIVATIONS.

## CREATING WINDOWS OF ENHANCED ATTENTION TO INFLUENCE BEHAVIOUR & MOTIVATIONS.

## IS WHY WE CREATE ENGAGENENT.



### **ENGAGEMENT** is rooted in brand ideas\*.

## And it is a BEHAVIOUR.

On the part of THE CONSUMER.



On the part of THE BRAND.

## On the part of THE CON SUMER

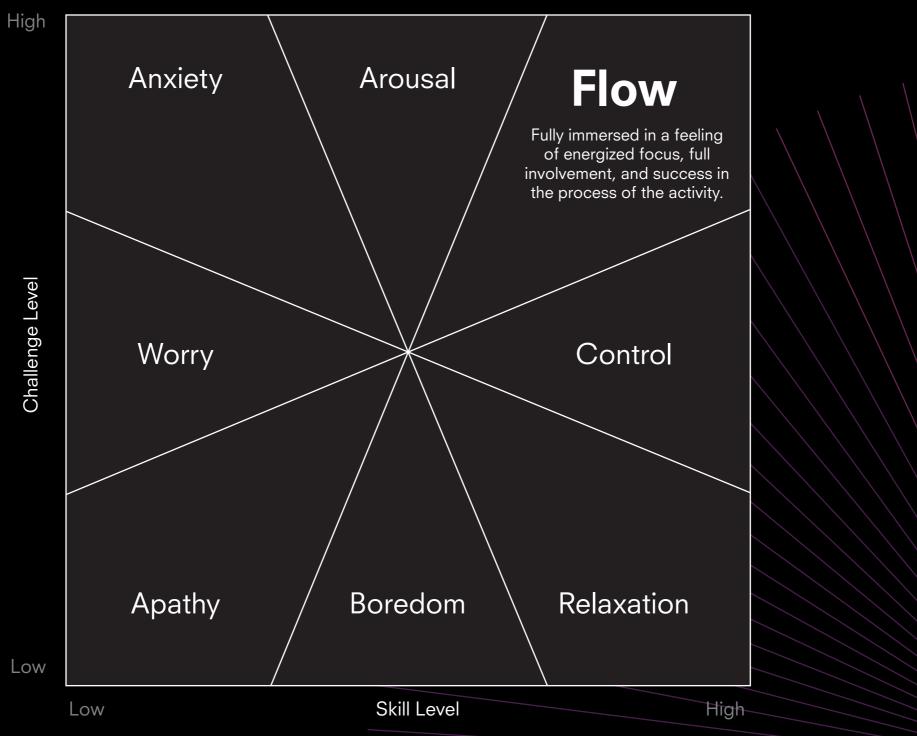
## WANTING HUKING

(AFFECTION + DELIGHT)

(AMBITION + DRIVE)

Sources: Wanting and Liking: Observations from the Neuroscience and Psychology Laboratory, Kent C. Berridge, University of Michigan Tom Chatfield: 7 ways games reward the brain

## At it's most extreme could it even create a **STATE OF FLOW?**



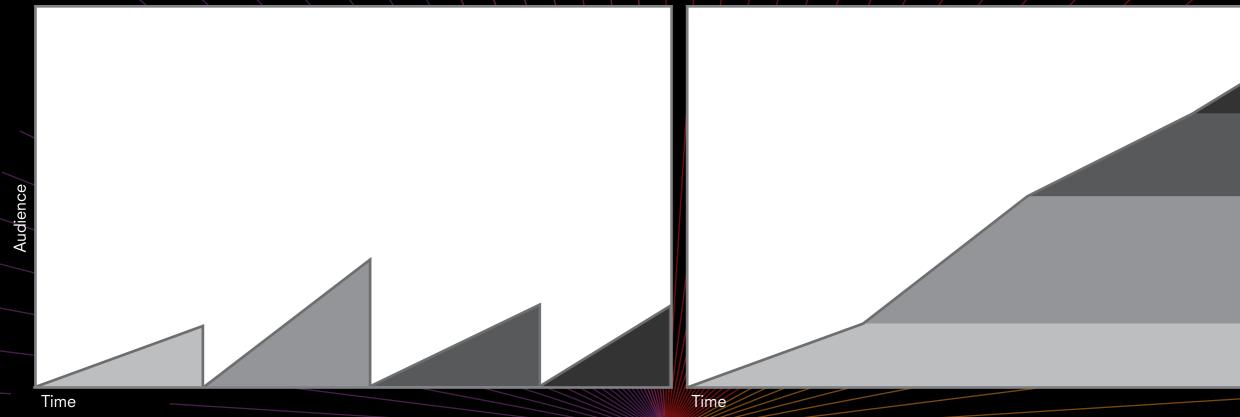
Sources: Mental state in terms of challenge level and skill level, according to Mihály Csíkszentmihályi

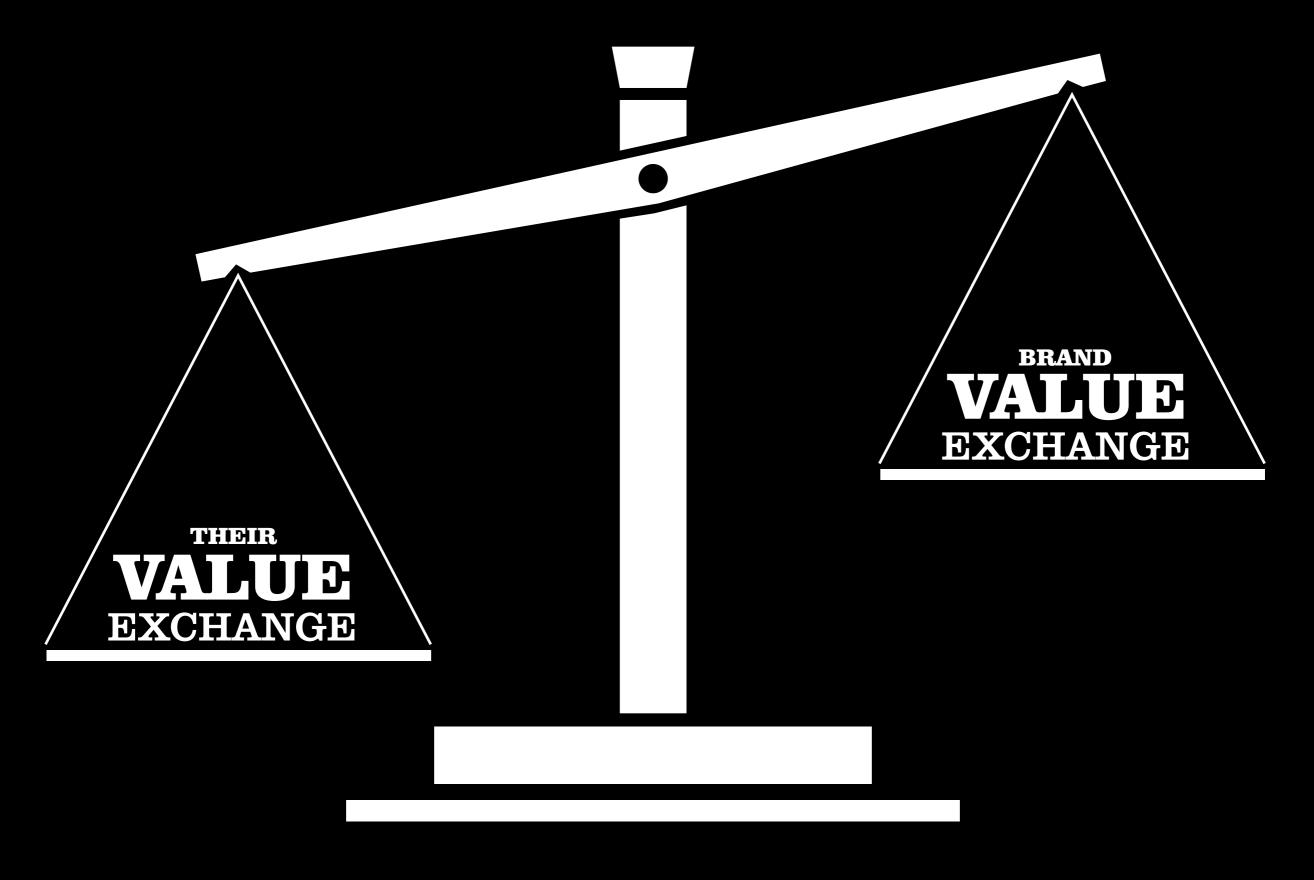
# On the part of THE BRAND.

Building true engagement means **committing** – building the brand on **core principles that remain constant** even as the ideas and experiences communicating them evolve over time – rather than just campaigning, which risks building up an audience & then dumping them. Ultimately, **engagement is a long-term relationship built on positive value exchange.** 

Traditional Campaigns







## VALUE EXCHANGE begins with asking "What is your brand here for, how can it help?"

1	HAVE A POINT OF VIEW ON THE WORLD/CULTURE Not just a position in a category
2	UNDERSTAND WHAT THE DIFFERENT SEGMENTS ARE INTERESTED IN AND WORK BACK
3	THE FUTURE ISN'T MESSAGING, IT IS IDEAS THAT SOLVE BUSINESS PROBLEMS IN A CULTURALLY POSITIVE WAY





### BRAND EXCHANGE

**Connect Sneakerheads, Back** to the Future Fans & the Parkinson's community to relive their youthful hopes & raise money for research with the Michael J. Fox Foundation. Scarcity value & a CSR brand boost increases saliency outside core sports territory & justifies the price premium in a recessionary market.





TIME LEET 11h 11m SIZE 10 VIEW AND BID

FREE



FREE

TIME LEFT 11h 15m SIZE 10 VIEW AND BID



## SO FOR DIGITAL ENGAGEMENT.



CHANGE attitude.



CHANGE attitude.

CHANGE

behaviour.



### WHICH IS WHY WE CREATE ENGAGEMENT PLATFORMS.

### WHAT IS AN ENGAGMENT PLATFORM?

It is potentially a long-term commitment to people (if they want it) that we need to plan to start up, grow and develop over time. It's something that can live on and hold a lot of different activity.

An Engagement Platform needs campaigns to drive spikes and introduce new releases or their initial stages – that's what our creative ideas need to be able to do. We will judge the ideas that fuel the platform by **"can we build an eco-system around it"** and **"would people share it"?** 

An Engagement Platform is a manifestation of brand behaviour but we need to talk about the brand where people will be listening; this means we should not be thinking about building a new owned site or hub most of the time. If there are existing platforms that can be appropriated, appropriate them. There is no sense reinventing the (expensive) wheel.

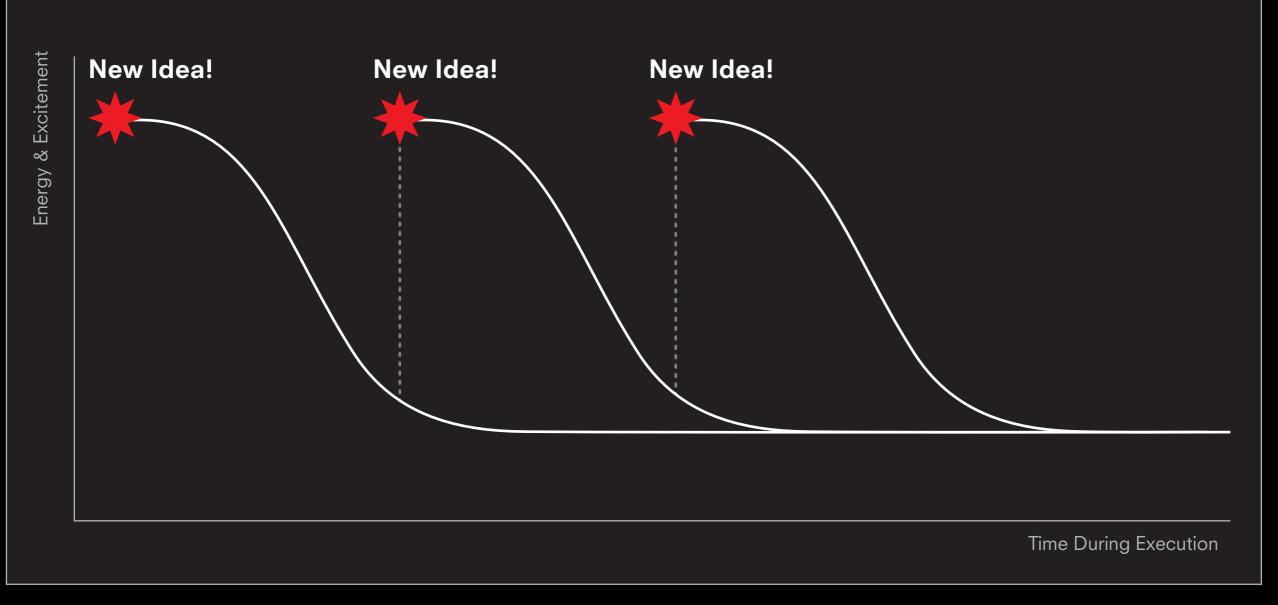
We have to be smart about adding value to people's lives, rather than just ask them to participate. Strategies start with consumer culture insight, not a brand insight. An engagement platform should help communities, not build communities - if the community doesn't exist, even in a dispersed or disconnected state, it doesn't need a platform. Strategically we need to think about what people want and what the brand can do for them authentically, and then outline some of the initial engagement territories that will provide creative opportunities to develop content and functionality that is useful, useable and delightful.

## SO HOW DO WE MAKE THINGS...

"Ideas are really important, but the way that the traditional side of the business values "the big idea" is completely out of balance with the way that you actually produce work in the digital space. I say all the time, '**The Greatest idea in the world, unproduced, has no value whatsoever. A mediocre idea, produced, has some incremental value.**' So why is the value always placed on the big idea when getting it into the world is so important?"

> Michael Lebowitz, Founder & CEO, Big Spaceship

## "There are more half-written novels in the world than there are novels."



## worldmade



JWT

## DIGITAL PLANNING DISCOVERIES.

## Attitudinal INSIGHTS & KPIS

Cultural Brand Brand Market Channel Channel Technology Consumer INSIGHTS

Behavioural INSIGHTS & KPIS

**Combined with...** 

DIGIT STRATEGY

Be useful, usable & delightful. **Combine the digital & the real.** Aid people to decide & choose. Create, don't fill, media spaces. **Build in Positive Value Exchange.** Inspire & advocate communities. Feed & connect existing networks. Partner with the influential experts. Decide who is it for, who isn't it for? Plan & build for the long-term & 24/7. Encourage & enable behavioral change. Improve information visibility for people. Ensure everything is good enough to share. Show people how to complete their journey. Aggregate, Curate & Filter what already exists. Less advertising, more entertaining applications. Take a behaviour & make it better, easier, more social. Don't re-invent the wheel, borrow one & make it better. **Realistically define participation – Mass or Mass Exposure?** Support a behaviour with useful, timely, helpful connections. Plan not for the people you reach, but the people they reach.

### BRAND IDEA

This should describe the brand idea and any significant elements of the idea that could affect the creative brief. This should be taken from the JWT Brand Idea Postcard. It is not an endline that may already exist. Neither is it the campaign idea a brand may be employing. The creative brief is inviting work that will further exploit the brand idea.

### PROBLEM

This should describe the problem that this communication is intended to address. This should reference the business problem (such as defending a price rise, or losing market share) but also be clear about the specific problem we are asking the work to solve (e.g. a brand being seen as old-fashioned, or no awareness of the diet variant, or the brand being flamed online). The task section should link to this problem.

### AUDIENCE

This should describe the people (or person) that we want to be in the minds of the team when they are exploring ideas. This would usually be end users/buyers but can also include other audiences (trade customers, internal staff, investors) It should describe the audience in terms of what they do or how they currently spend their time (for which we are competing). It should refer to where the consumer currently stands in relation to the brand and the problem.

### TASK

This should identify the specific tasks that we are looking to achieve with the communication. The task must link to the "Problem" section on the brief. There can be as many as are necessary, but each must be a realistic and important part of the campaign. Different tasks may be assigned to different media in the "Channel Thinking" section of the brief. The tasks should be specific about what we believe the work needs to do.

### STIMULUS

This pithily describes the thing the work needs to convey. It is the first half of the "Stimulus-Response" couplet. It is not "stimulus" in the sense of "some interesting stuff that might lead somewhere". It is also not the response but should have a obvious link to the response section. If you are briefing advertising then this stimulus will be ONE thing (a bit like a traditional proposition). But it if you are briefing digital, events, PR, utility etc. you may need to include more than one stimulus.

### RESPONSE

### CHANNEL THINKING

thinking about how the campaign will take shape, or which media an execution should use. We should also look at what we know about these channels and how they work. It is not a mandatory list and will be revised iteratively with the emergent creative thinking. It is not just advertising media (e.g. Print/posters) but it should also allow for any contextual help (e.a. Mo

DISCOVERIES

This section invites only the most original and insightful observations/facts. It is important to look broadly at the consume category, the brand, the competition or anywhere else to discover something distinctive. It is not necessarily about detailing lots of rational, reasons-to-believe but should be tailored to the spirit of the brief in its totality. For example, a brief about fashion will probably invite some insights about the industry, retail environment and celebrities.

### **REQUIRED MATERIALS & CREATIVE MANDATORIES** This should be a brief summary of the materials that are required from this brief. For example, website concepts, TV scripts, short film synopsis This should be absolute "must-haves" not "would be good to haves" Include must/must not feature elements (style guides, areas to avoid)

PERSONAS & USER STORIES

Personas supplement our core audience with detailed motivations and behaviours typical of a broad range users presented as identifiable individuals. They should be focused on user needs – what do they want or need to get out of the experience, App, platform or website and be written in the context of their need/visit and their attitude to the product/service. Their role is to allow the development team to filter out any personal bias and to provide a basis for user journeys. Personas can be combined with User Stories - As WHO I want WHAT, so that WHY - to define the basis of content & functionality that can be implemented without extensive Requirements Capture.

**STIMULI (OVP & ENGAGEMENT TERRITORIES)** 

If you are briefing a site or application you may need to frame the

territories. An OVP extends the stimulus to identify the value or benefit

to the user that will motivate them to interact and even share their experience. Digital is often about "getting people to do things in a

branded way, not what we say to them", so Engagement Territories can be used to explore the OVP and inspire how it can be brought to life as

content architecture and functionality in active & emotive ways.

CORE FEATURES

Exisiting content and functionality that we wish to keep and new elements we wish to add. This can be expressed as a Content Architecture Strategy based on the OVP & Engagement Territories for

more complex sites with different user & content requirements. User Journeys based on Personas and User Stories can also be used to define

functional, navigational and content requirements

nulus as an online value proposition

If you are briefing an engagement platform or complex digital campai you may need to use more than one stimulus. For example a website may need stimuli around product awareness, research & purchase, and support. Alternatively you could use one stimulus supported by

12

**STIMULI & ENGAGEMENT TERRITORIES** 

engagement territories. Digital is about "getting people to do things in a branded way, not what we say to them", so Engagement Territories can

be used to explore the stimulus and inspire how it can be brought to life as engaging content or functionality in active & emotive ways

RESPONSE & WHAT KEEPS THE CONVERSATION GOING?

This should describe how we want the audience to respond to the stimulus. What do we want to them do? The response should be realistic and credible based on the stimulus and the role of the work. Written in

terms of why someone would want to engage with the work, what they get out of it, what would inspire them to share it and what would keep

the social conversation around the brand or content going beyond a

campaign

CHANNEL & BRAND BEHAVIOUR

Appropriate, realistic channels for our audience that can help shape the

creative, user journeys and customer lifecycles. These can be platforms or services that already exist or we can create to fulfil the Brand's

behaviour in relation to the audience and even culture. Ideally we will have defined Brand Behaviour as part of the Brand Idea but essentially

we are asking "What is your brand here for, how can it help?" and using

this as well the Brand's role & relationship with our audience to create a

story defining our aspirations for what we want to achieve for the brand

& people, beyond a campaign

This should describe how v e want the audience to respond to the stimulus. It is the second half of the core "Stimulus-response" couplet. The response should be realistic and credible based on the stimulus and role communication is designed to play. This is not a wishlist. Response can be described in terms of how we want people to think, feel and do, although not all communication is try to do all three. It can detail how they respond to the communication quickly following exposure, but also what we are trying to influence over time. Remember that this section describes how people will spend time with the idea and is therefore the primary way of thinking about its effective

This should ensure that media channels are part of the early conversations in creative development. It should describe the current nday mornings are a good time to talk to people about holidays).

**CREATIVE BRIEF** 

### **DIGITAL BRIEF**

### **DESIGN/EXPERIENCE ARCHITECTURE BRIEF**

**BOLT-ONS** 

STO THE BRIEF.

### HOW WILL SUCCESS BE MEASURED? What are the hard and soft Key Performance Indicators? How will these

be gathered and acted upon? Is there a dashboard we need to create? Does the dient have specific business objectives (e.g. samples to distribute, mailing list sign-ups) Are we looking to increase NPS?

### ECOSYSTEM THINKING What are the traffic drivers? Is the site or App part of a campaign or

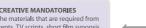
supporting a more complex user journey?

### HOW SHOULD WE APPROACH THIS? Key considerations for the design and user experience of the site. A philosophy of interaction design or experience inspired by our persona insight/needs and a sense that users will get from interacting with the

work (e.g. Useful, Usable & Delightful – in that order – meet the need for quick information, enable easy comparisons & navigation and only then lead to more creative brand experience.

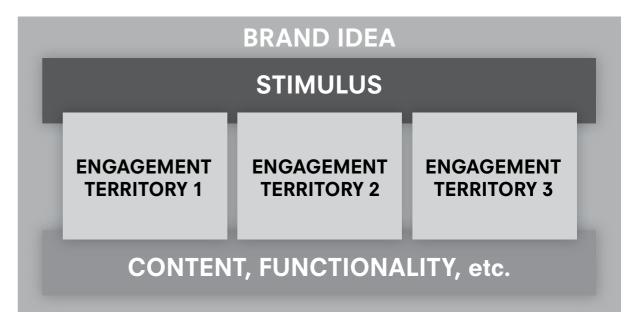
### DISCOVERIES

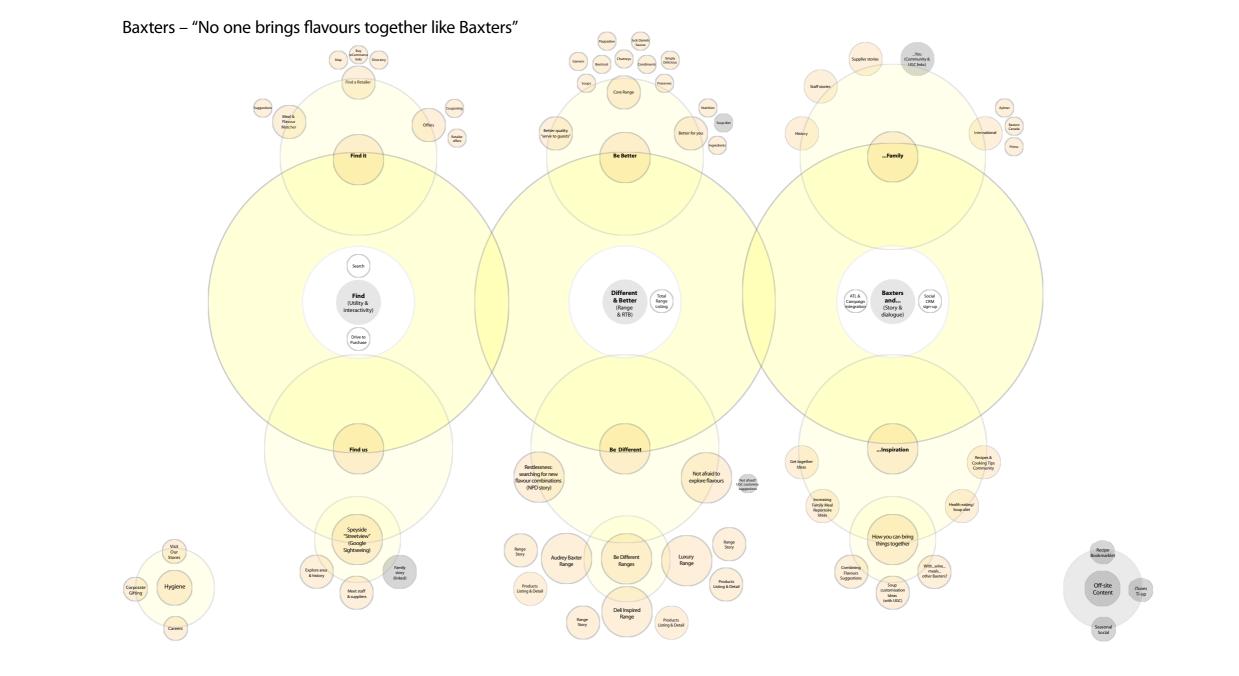
Insights from existing site audits, Stakeholder interviews or analytics. The results of a Competitor, Peer & Lateral Analysis. Are there insights from similar or unrelated sites or applications? Observations or background info that can be used to inspire additional content and functionality



### **STIMULI & ENGAGEMENT TERRITORIES**

If you are briefing an engagement platform or complex digital campaign you may need to use more than one stimulus. For example a website may need stimuli around product awareness, research & purchase, and support. Alternatively you could use one stimulus supported by engagement territories. Digital is about "getting people to do things in a branded way, not what we say to them", so Engagement Territories can be used to explore the stimulus and inspire how it can be brought to life as engaging content or functionality in active & emotive ways.





### **CHANNEL & BRAND BEHAVIOUR**

Appropriate, realistic channels for our audience that can help shape the creative, user journeys and customer lifecycles. These can be platforms or services that already exist or we can create to fulfil the Brand's behaviour in relation to the audience and even culture. Ideally we will have defined Brand Behaviour as part of the Brand Idea but essentially we are asking "What is your brand here for, how can it help?" and using this as well the Brand's role & relationship with our audience to create a story defining our aspirations for what we want to achieve for the brand & people, beyond a campaign.

### **CHANNELS** ≠ **CONTAINERS** CHANNELS = CANVAS**CHANNELS = CONTEXT CHANNELS = CULTURE TECHNOLOGY** CHANNELS = IDEAS()& MEDIA **CONSUMER BRAND BEHAVIOUR BEHAVIOUR**

# DIGITAL STRATEGY DEFINES A STARTING POINT FOR A COLLABORATIVE TEAM.

USER STORIES

"As <u>who</u>, I want <u>what</u> so that <u>why</u>".

#### ENGAGEMENT TERRITORIES

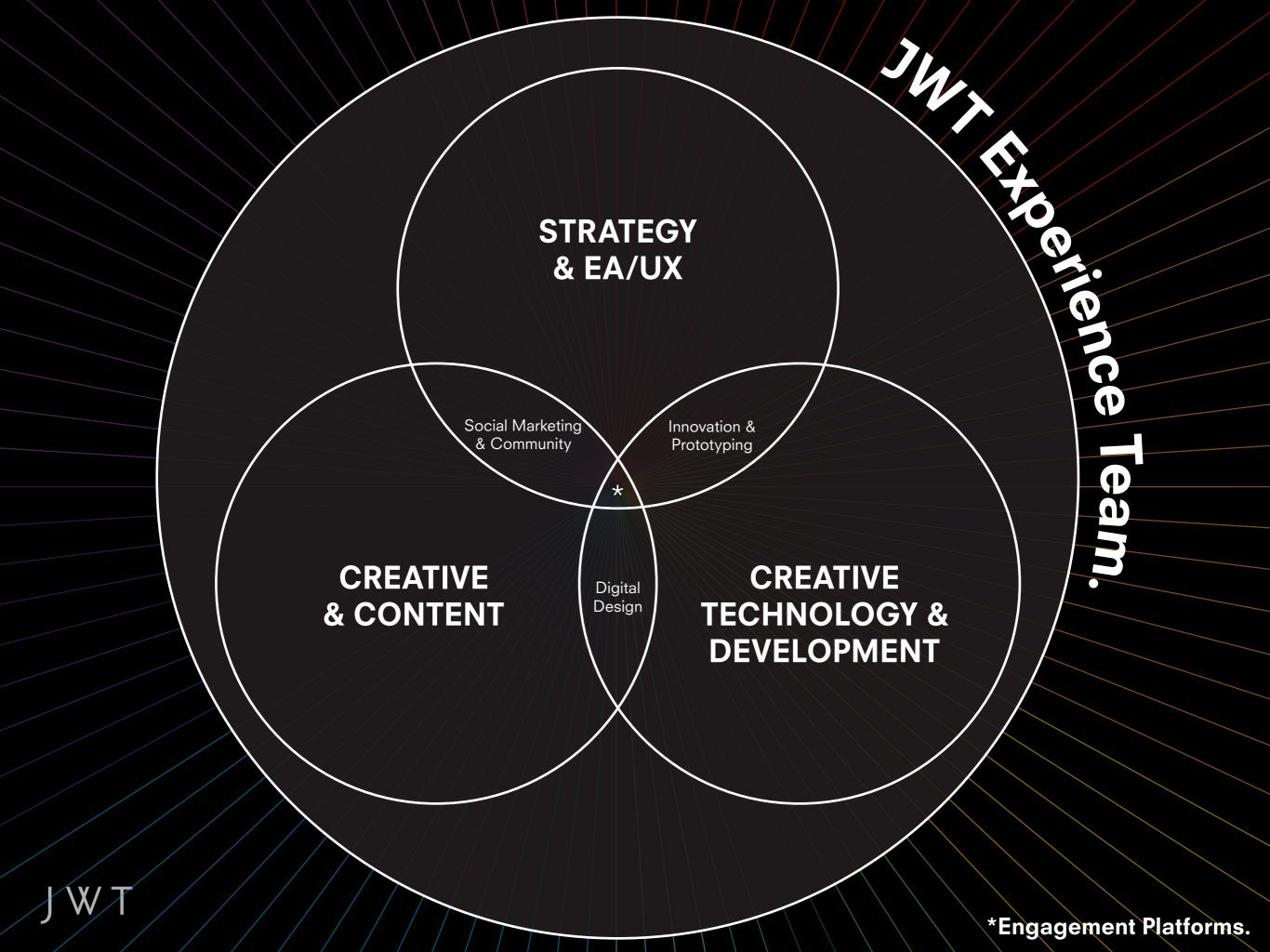
"Getting people to do things in a branded way, not what we say to them. Be active & emotive."

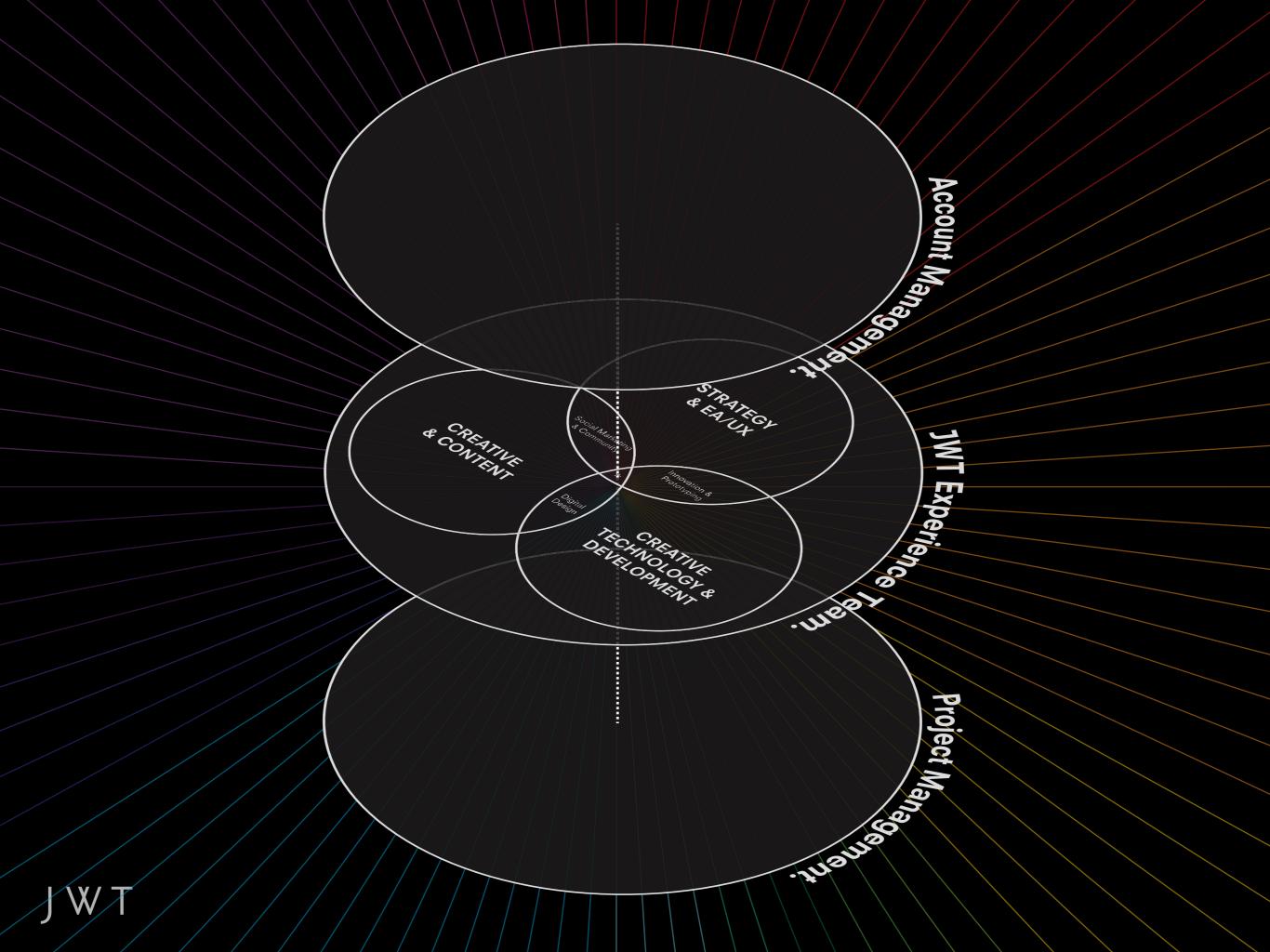
# **ROLE** OF BRAND

"Be the vehicle at the relationship, an enabler (of services, content, utility, entertainment) & filter (of noise, relevance, need) for people."

# A VISION for the work

A story defining our aspirations for what we want to achieve for the brand & people, beyond a campaign.





## PROCESS: ADAPTIVE DIGITAL STRATEGY & CREATIVE BASED ON DESIGN METHODOLGY.

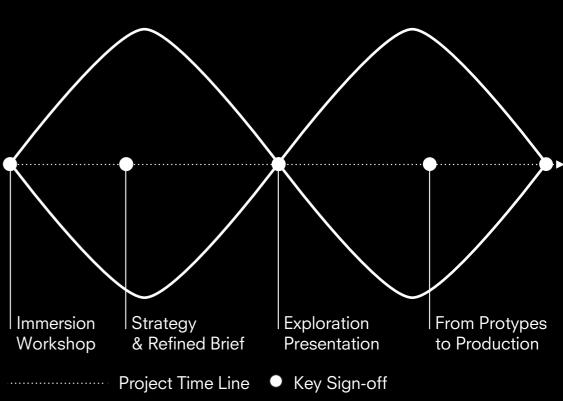
Allow a collaborative team, guided by three representatives from the key disciplines but actively involving the client at multiple points, to explore the vast array of possibilities available, then select and implement those that are appropriate.

This approach breaks the process down into four steps, Discover, Define, Develop and Deliver. Each with their own thinking, doing and development time.

Each step is dependent on the one prior to it, because every deliverable is the starting point for the next part of the process.

The four steps of the process fit broadly into a widely accepted design methodology – the double diamond.

# GY. Start of Project four Each with me. because pert part



Finish

Double Diamond Approach

# THE DOUBLE WHAT?

The double diamond diagram was developed through in-house research at the Design Council in 2005 as a simple graphical way of describing the design process.

Divided into 4 distinct phases, Discover, Define, Develop and Deliver, it maps the divergent and convergent stages of the design process, showing the different modes of thinking that designers use.

The approach was then reinforced by a 2007 study of the process for creating ideas, products and services at 11 Global creative companies and brands.



Eleven Lessons: Managing design in eleven global brands – A Design Council study of Alessi, BSkyB, BT, LEGO, Microsoft, Sony, Starbucks, Virgin Atlantic Airways, Whirlpool, Xerox & Yahoo

# WHY 3<sup>\*</sup> PEOPLE?

Ensure deeper digital work based on all the disciplines that make a digital project successful. Build <u>the correct</u>, <u>best work</u> for people <u>AND</u> the brand.

\*Three is the first odd prime number, the first Fermat prime (2<sup>2<sup>n</sup></sup> + 1) and the first Mersenne prime (2<sup>n</sup> – 1), as well as the first lucky prime. Georges Dumézil developed the Trifunctional Hypothesis which divides prehistoric Indo-European society into three classes: priests, warriors, and commoners. And it's also my favourite number.

"When you bring 2 people to collaborate it is very easy, when you bring 3 there's definitely different points of view and you end up with a different result"

> Cheryl Calegari, Senior Marketing Director, Converse discussing the Converse Connectivity Music Project with Anomaly UK

# THE PROCESS

Broad brush strokes at the beginning can cover a lot of ground and quickly establish what is right and what is wrong. Learn early and iteratively to succeed sooner.

#### DISCOVER

#### DEFINE

A 'phase of divergent thought', where the project team members keep their perspectives wide to allow for a broad range of ideas and influences.

We are asking a question, posing a hypothesis or exploring a problem based on an initial brief and then analysing market data, trends and other information sources to collaboratively develop our initial strategy and first thoughts.

A filter where the review, selection and discarding of strategic ideas takes place.

Results from the Discover stage are analysed, defined and refined as insights, a brief is developed and agreed and the first ideas for solutions are pitched and prototyped in an Exploration session or formal pitch.

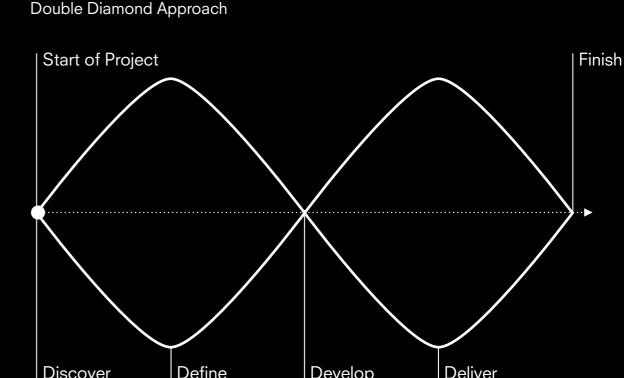
#### DEVELOP

At the Develop stage the project has been taken through a formal sign-off, which has given the client backing to the development of one or more concepts that have addressed the brief.

Favoured creative concepts are brought to life in greater detail, iterated, pushed to their limits and tested to get as close to a final idea/product/service as possible.

#### DELIVER

The Deliver stage of the double diamond design process is where the final idea/product/service is taken through final prototyping and testing, then signed-off, produced and launched.



Develop

Define

Discover

# THE PROCESS...DELIVERABLES\* & SIGN OFFS.

It works because each step is built on a collaborative and considered foundation, with critical sign-off points. Essentially there are no surprises (except for good ones).

#### DISCOVER

#### DEFINE

#### Immersion Workshop

- Initial Brief
- Objective/Business problem
- Brand Audits
- Competitor, Peer & Lateral Analysis Document
- Mood Boards
- Chorus Insights
- Listening Audit

Role of Digital Engagement Territories Conversation Territories User Stories Mindsets & Personas Concept Sketches

\*Indicative/Non-exhaustive/Not all are required for every job

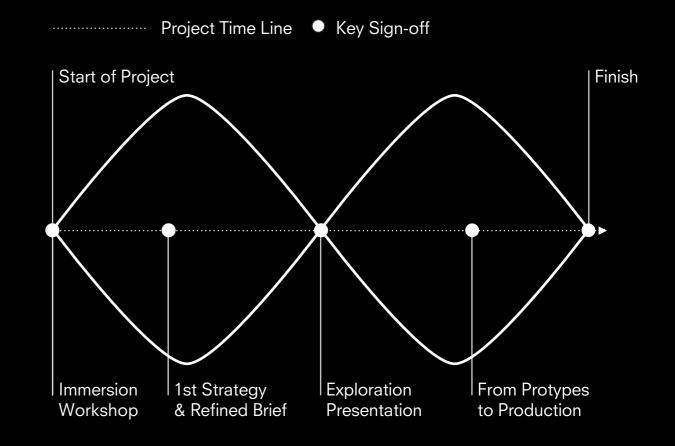
Refined Brief Digital Strategy Channel Plan Bubble IA Maps Beta Site Copy/Sentence Engagement Architecture Max 3 Routes/Concepts Initial Prototypes

#### DEVELOP

Max 2 Refined Concepts Details/Key Page designs User Journey prototypes IA Documentation Media Plan Initial Functional Spec. Initial Technical Spec. Partner SLAs

#### DELIVER

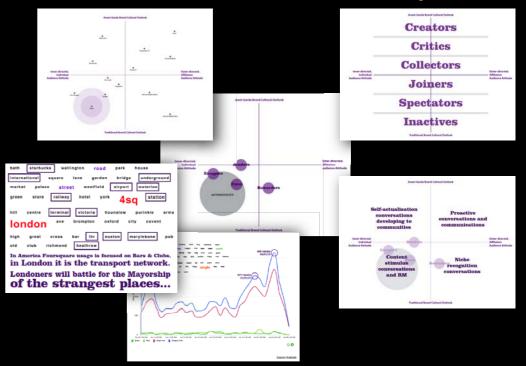
Final Functional Spec. Final Technical Spec. Template & Module design Build & Development Analytics QA Launch



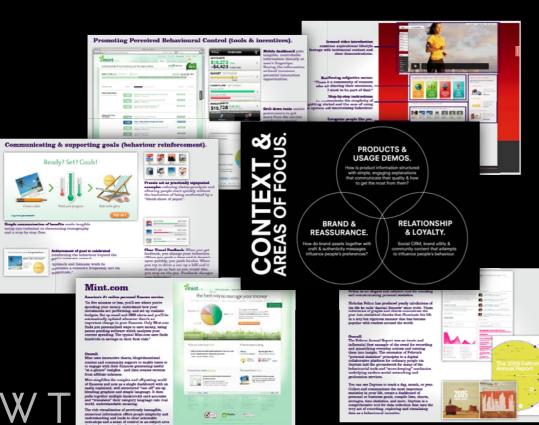
#### Listening Audit

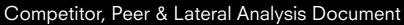
# **DISCOVER.**





#### Immersion Workshop & Concept sketches





Callen Call

HI W HI U K

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1

ALL STATE

25

C.E.

110

1-5

No.

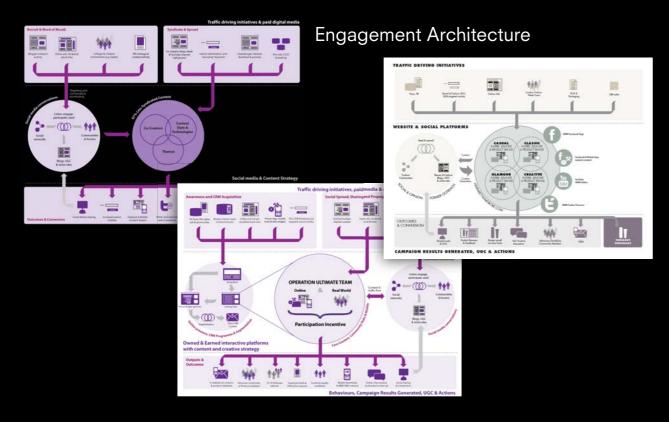
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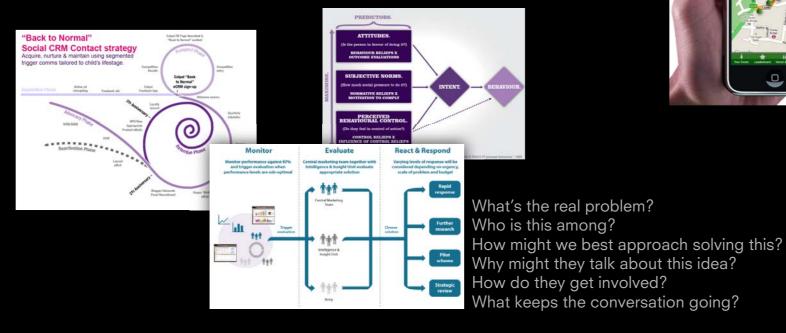


Brand Audits & Moodboards

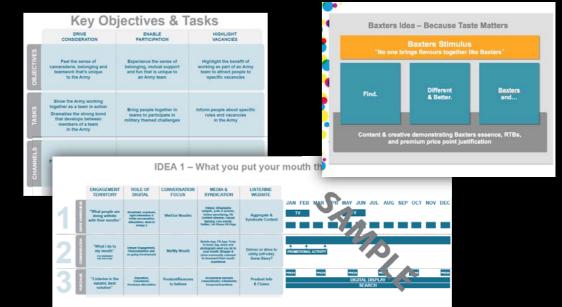
# DEFINE.



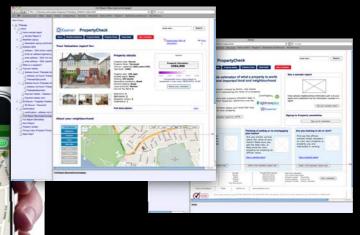
#### Digital Strategy & Briefs as collaboratively developed action plans



#### Engagement & Conversation Territories linked to channel plan



#### Proof of concepts/Prototypes



#### Redoxon UX Concept. A hub of 3 scalable, rich interactive pages optimised for search and tran Application Design techniques and progressive disclosure of informatio

Application Design techniques and progressive disclosure of information to increase engagement while preventing the experience becoming too busy or stressful.

Redoxon Brand

Brand contail Feature presidions Nexes & Social Link

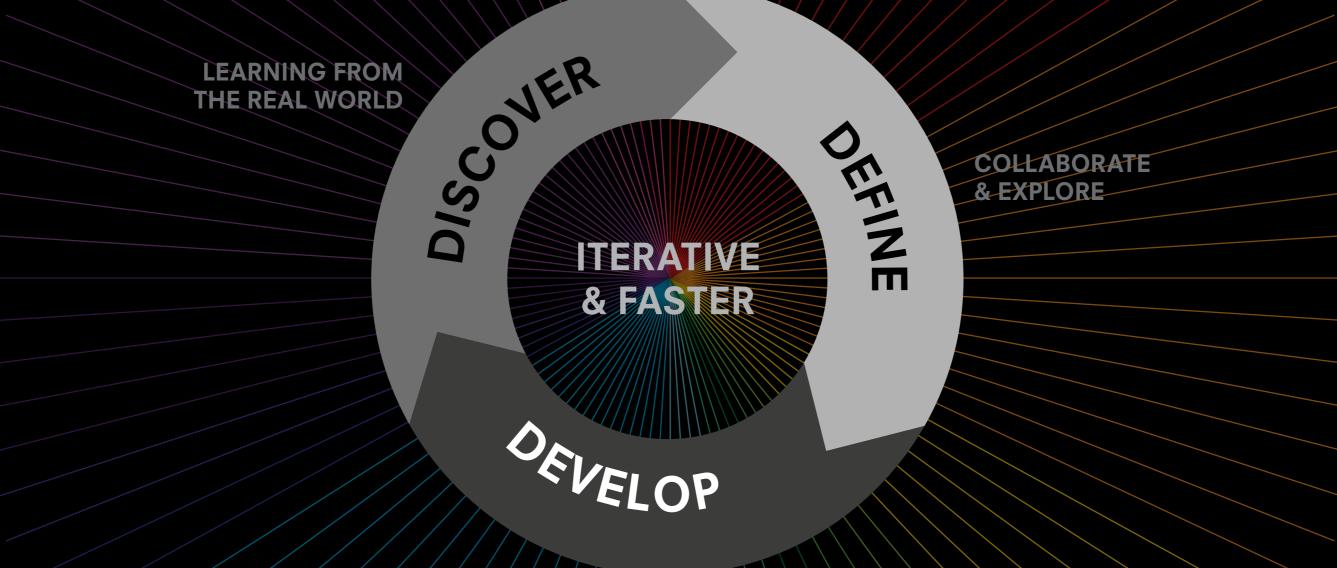
Defending your health

RAC couk - Cross-selling products & content Content Architecture Strategy

Concept Models & Bubble Map IA

~

### PUSHING DISCOVER, DEFINE & DEVELOP FURTHER? FASTER



PUBLIC PROTOTYPING; TARGETED TO ADVOCATES & "EARLYVANGELISTS"

## MINIMUM VIABLE PRODUCT

"THE SMALLEST EXECUTION PEOPLE WILL LOVE"

## LEARN FAST THEN SCALE.

Sources: Made by Many & others, Agile Manifesto Customer Development in the High Tech Enterprise, Steven Gary Blank, Hass Business School Berkeley

# WHY? IN THE OLD DAYS WE KNEW THE SOLUTION.

# The answer is 60 SECS Now what is the QUESTION?

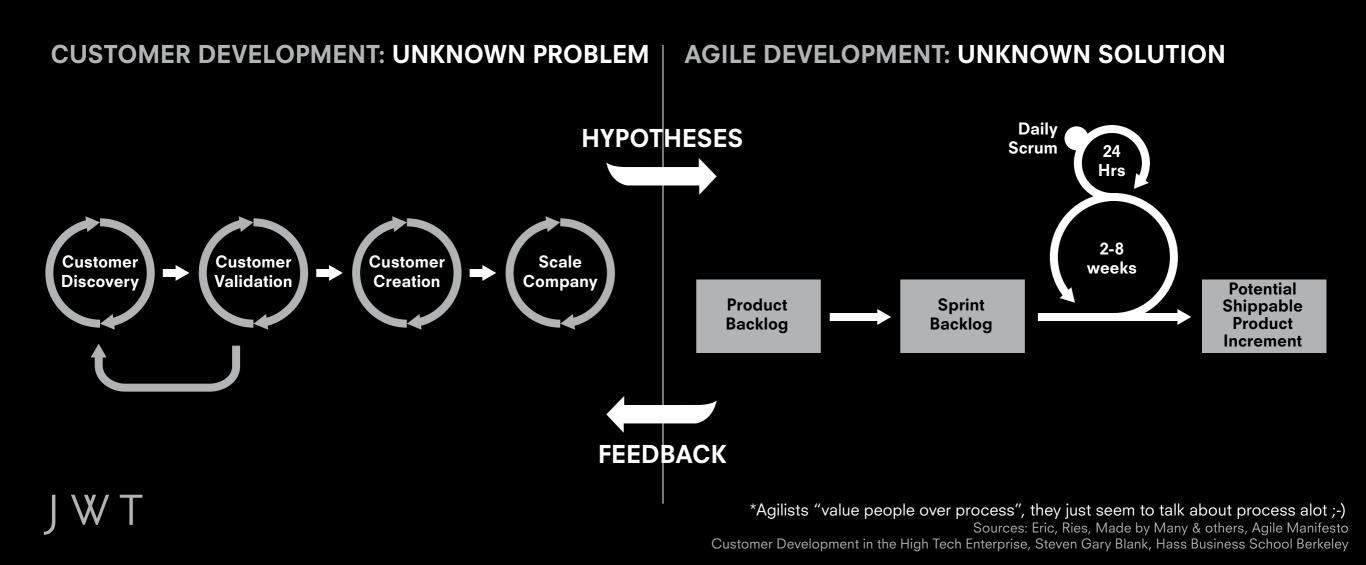
# The answer is A WEBSITE Now what is the QUESTION?

## NOW THE ANSWER CAN & SHOULD BE ANYTHING.

# AND SOMETIMES WE DON'T EVEN KNOW THE QUESTION. WHAT'S THE REAL BUSINESS PROBLEM?

# LEARN FROM THE LEAN START-UP MOVEMENT

- Rapid prototyping to test hypotheses
- Minimum Viable Product (MVP)
- Nail it then scale it
- Customer obsession (development)
- Iterative, metrics-driven & Agile\*
- Learn fast, don't fail fast



# BUT YOU CAN'T PROTOTYPE A TV AD



# BRAND IDEA.

## MULTIPLE CAMPAIGN IDEAS "PRE-TESTED" IN THE REAL WORLD ONLINE.

# **EXPAND & SCALE** THE BEST PERFORMING?

Ginny Weasley

listerine. Mouth VS life. Coming to a cinema near you.

12 Jun via web 🖕 Unfavorite 🕄 Retweet 🦘 Reply



#### **HEINEKEN'S DIGITAL GAMBLE**

By Emma Hutchings on June 1, 2011

🎐 f 🖾 🖅 0 🖪 Like

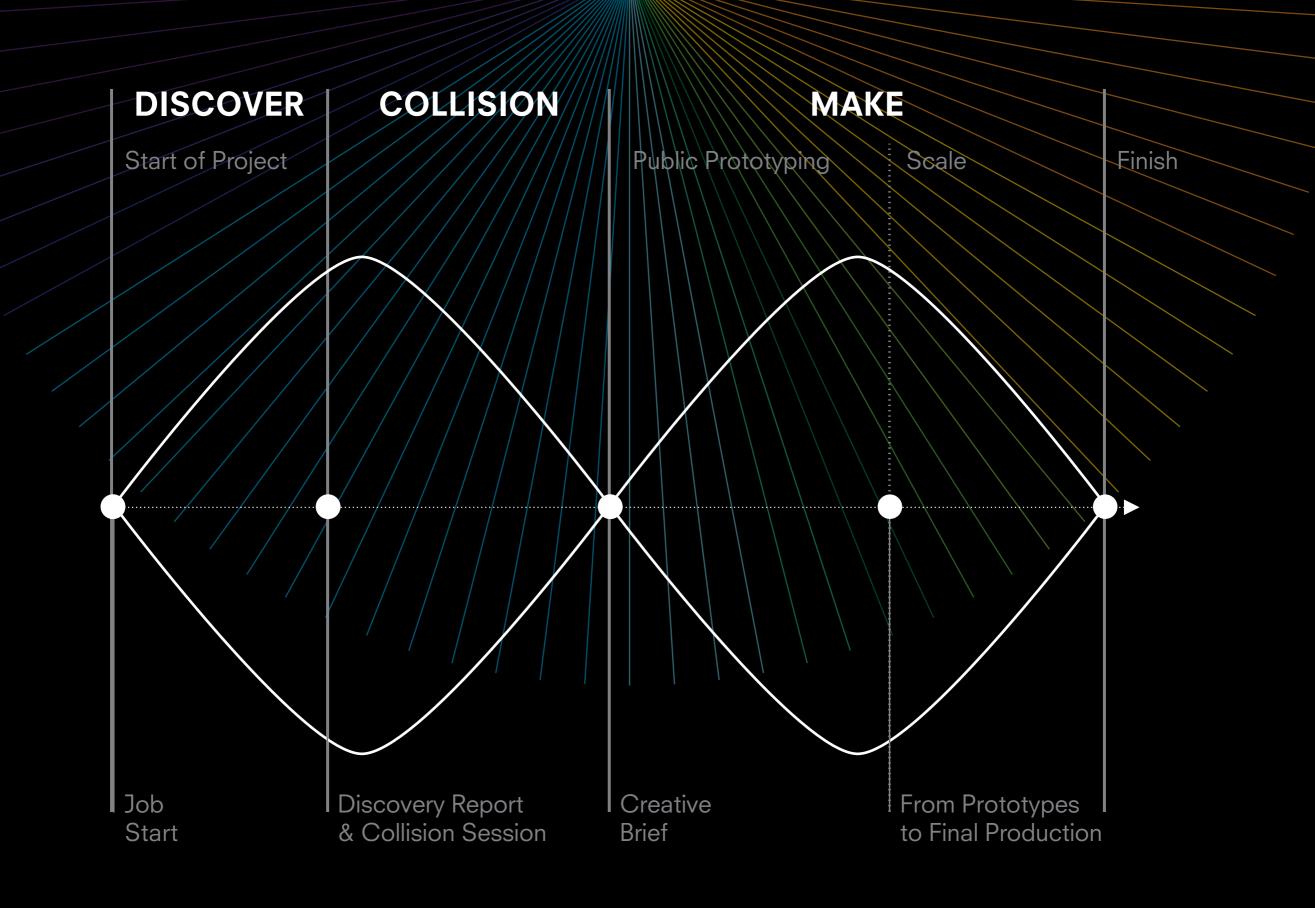
0 Reactions and 0 Comments

Heineken's global advertising campaign is taking a different route to attract consumers, debuting commercials online rather than on TV. Alexis Nasard, chief commercial officer at Heineken International in Amsterdam, said brands must:

Think digital at the inception, not as an afterthought...the digital element must be part of the brief and the creative presentation.

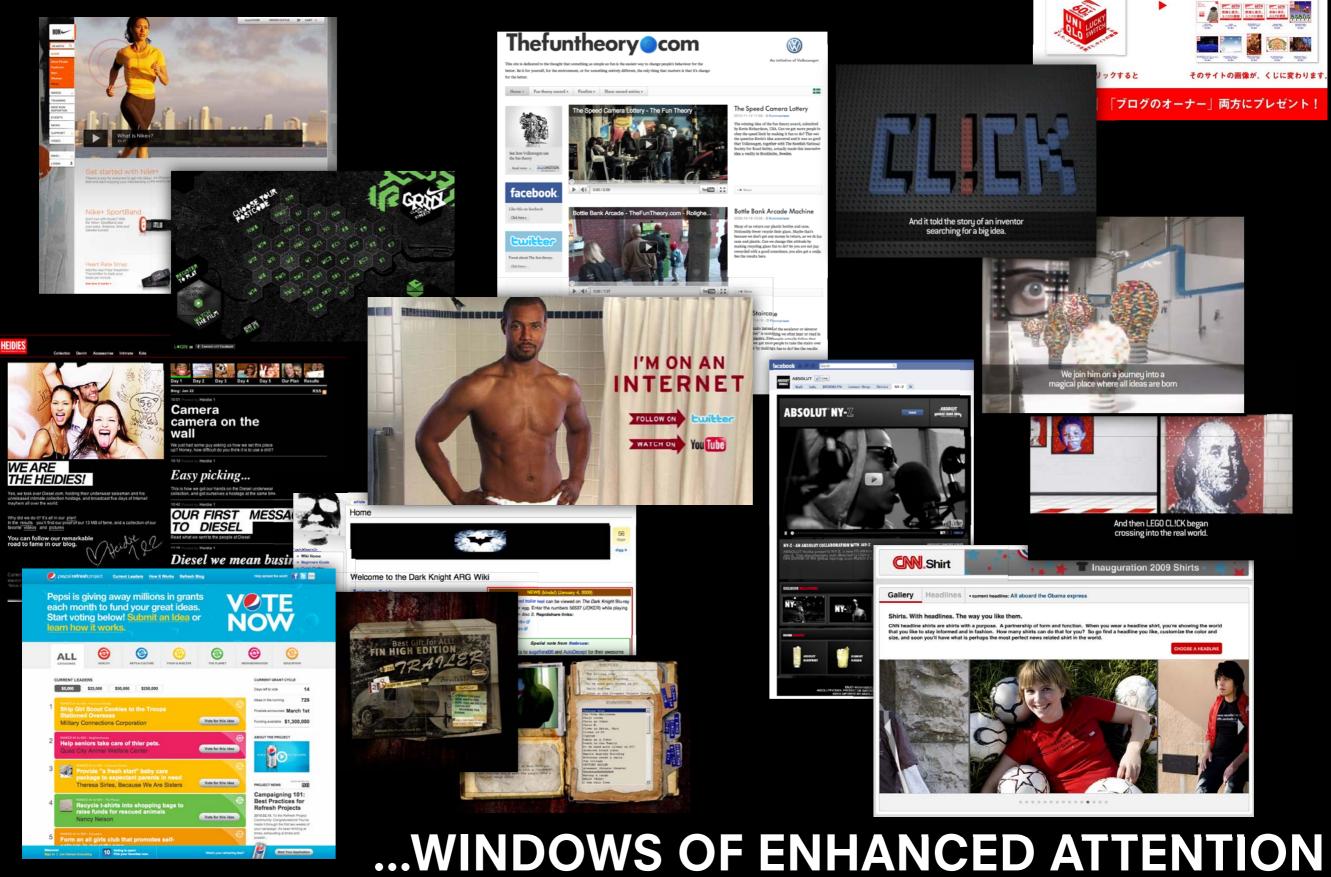
The "Open Your World" campaign star ran first on the brand's YouTube chan page before reaching TV screens three

11 clips, featuring characters from t watched more than a million times o Date" made it's debut online last we September. Additional digital content video clips with a serenade asking a lo What if your digital creative agency sold 100 little digital experiences instead of 1 big website?





## **BUT ULTIMATELY WE DELIVER TO CREATE...**



**TO INFLUENCE BEHAVIOURS & MOTIVATIONS.** 

PUSH

# CREATING WINDOWS OF ENHANCED ATTENTION TO INFLUENCE BEHAVIOUR & MOTIVATIONS.

# IS WHY WE CREATE ENGAGENENT.

